

# Drawing a sundial with an equinoctial ruler 

Tutorial with the Shadows software, proposed by François Blateyron march 2016


Choose the material you want to use for the sundial plate, on which you will draw the sundial layout (tiles, wood, stone, metal, etc.)

The plate size here is $150 \times 150 \mathrm{~cm}$.
The sundial is designed with Shadows at scale $1 / 10$, i.e. $150 \times 150 \mathrm{~mm}$.
All measures given by Shadows will then be multiplied by 10 .

Step 1. Place the sundial origin (point A) somewhere on the plate.

Step 2. Draw a vertical line and a horizontal line from this point $A$.


If the sundial is declining, draw the sub-style line:

Step 3. Measure the sub-style angle given by the sundial technical data sheet in Shadows, with a protractor.

Here in our example, it is $25,9^{\circ}$ (measured from the vertical)

If the sundial is not declining, then the sub-style line will be vertical (angle of $0^{\circ}$ )


Step 4. Mark point B by measuring the distance A-B (length of the style base) along the sub-style line.
$A-B=46,3 \mathrm{~cm}$


Step 5. Draw a vertical line from point B.
Step 6. Mark point O by measuring the distance B-O given on the equinoctial ruler.
Point O corresponds to the intersection between the equinoctial line and the solar noon line.

Here: $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{O}=87 \mathrm{~cm}$


Step 7. Draw the equinoctial line from 0 using the equinoctial angle given on the ruler.

Here: 64,1
(measured from the vertical)


Step 8. Print the equinoctial ruler on strong paper and cut it.
Place the ruler along the equinoctial line, and align point O with the vertical line passing through B.

Step 9. Draw hour lines by joining point B to each mark on the ruler.


Step 10. Extend hour lines to the edges, then decorate the sundial and remove intermediate lines.

Your sundial is now finished.

